# The History of Dredging in San Diego Bay

Barry Snyder Scout Environmental

#### **CMANC**

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### San Diego Bay

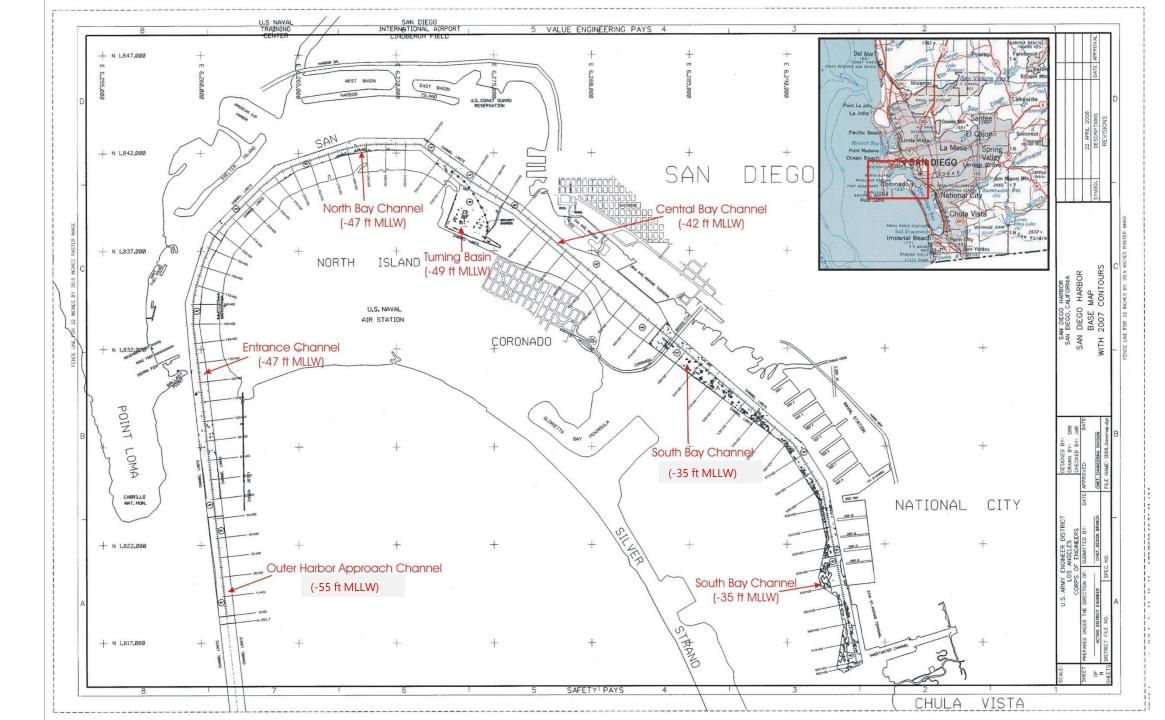
- San Diego Bay is natural harbor protected by Point Loma, Coronado and the Silver Strand, and the Coronado Islands in Mexico
- The Bay is a long crescent-shaped embayment approximately 12 miles in length and 1–2 miles wide and encompasses 22 square miles and 34 miles of waterfront
- The Bay has nearly 1,000 acres of tidal flats and 2,600 acres of eelgrass, which is 50% of all the eelgrass in Southern California and about 17% of the eelgrass in the state
- Bay uses are diverse and include commercial activities, military operations, recreational activities, and natural resources protection and enhancement
- Since the early 1900s, the Bay has been <u>extensively</u> dredged and filled
- The Bay is home to two Port terminals, three naval bases, shipyards and boatyards, a national wildlife refuge, a world-renowned commercial & sport fishing fleet, and two pink flamingos













### Port of San Diego Granted Lands

34

miles of waterfront

2,404

acres of Port Tidelands

3,677

acres of Submerged Tidelands prior to January 1, 2020

Approximately

8,300

acres of new Submerged Tidelands (subject to survey) as of January 1, 2020





### Significant Dates in San Diego Bay History

- 1542 Explorer Juan Rodriguez Cabrillo lands at Point Loma
- 1835 Richard Henry Dana arrives in San Diego onboard the *Pilgrim*
- 1850 The State of California acquires title as trustee to Public Trust lands and waterways upon its admission into the Union (Public Trust Doctrine)
- Mid-1800s 2,700 acres of saltmarsh and 4,000 acres of mudflats in the Bay
- 1876 San Diego River permanently diverted to Mission Bay (aka False Bay)
- 1915 The Panama Canal opens. San Diego hosts the Panama-California Exposition. This marks the beginning of San Diego as an international city.
- 1919 Initial San Diego Harbor Commission and Harbor Department established
- 1922 Naval Base San Diego established
- 1931 Harbor dredging allows for a visit by the 888-foot carrier Saratoga



### Significant Dates in San Diego Bay History

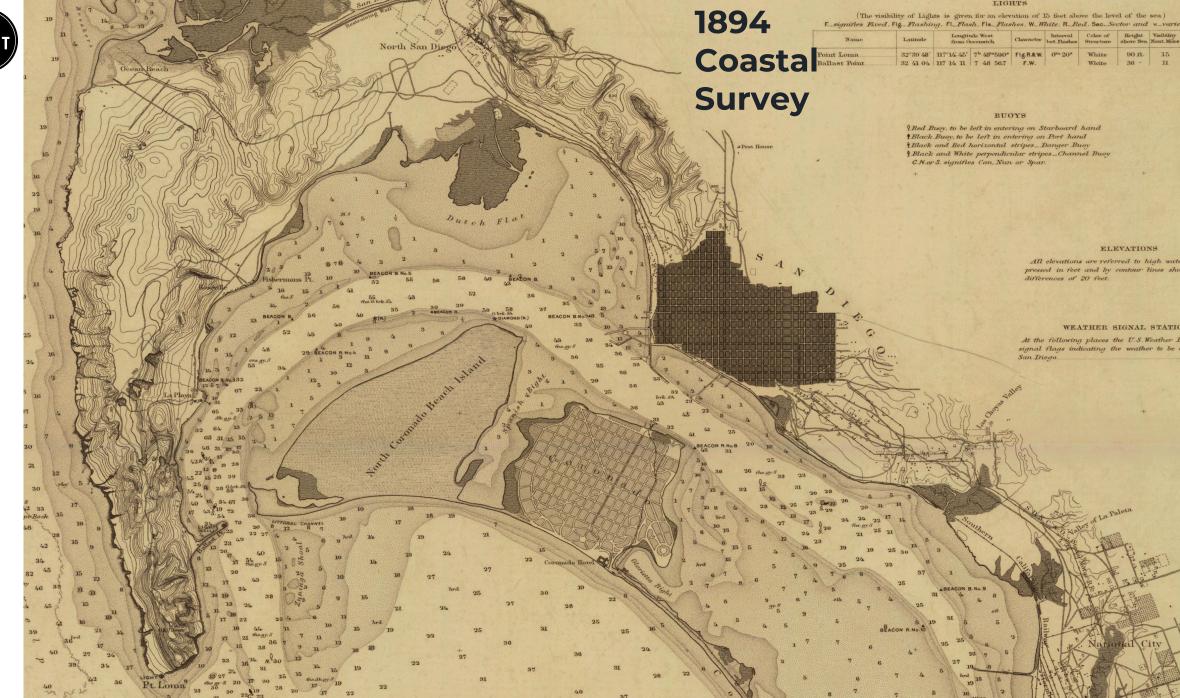
- 1950 Filling of Shelter Island is complete
- 1961 Harbor Island filled is complete
- 1961 The navigation channel is dredged to -42 feet MLLW to accommodate the aircraft carrier Kitty Hawk
- 1962 The California Legislature codified the Port Act, which creates the San Diego Unified Port District
- 1963 Tenth Avenue Marine Terminal is complete
- 1968 National City Marine Terminal is complete
- 1969 San Diego-Coronado Bay Bridge is complete

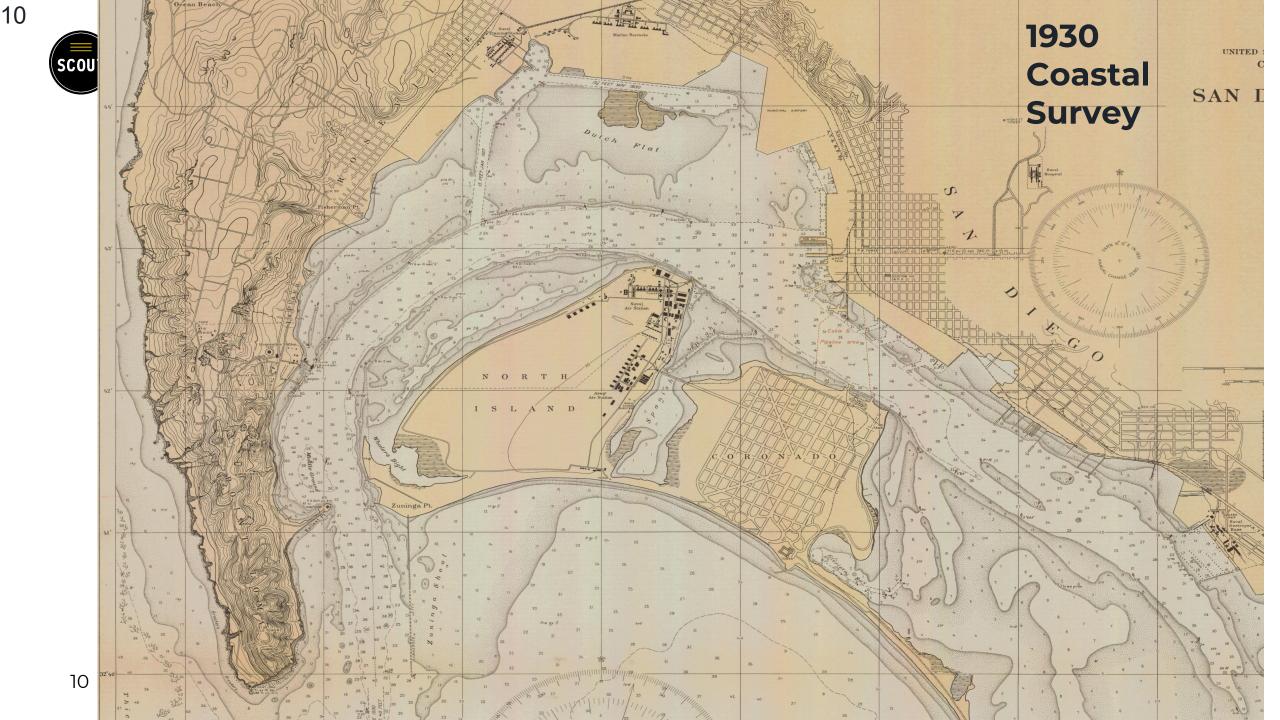


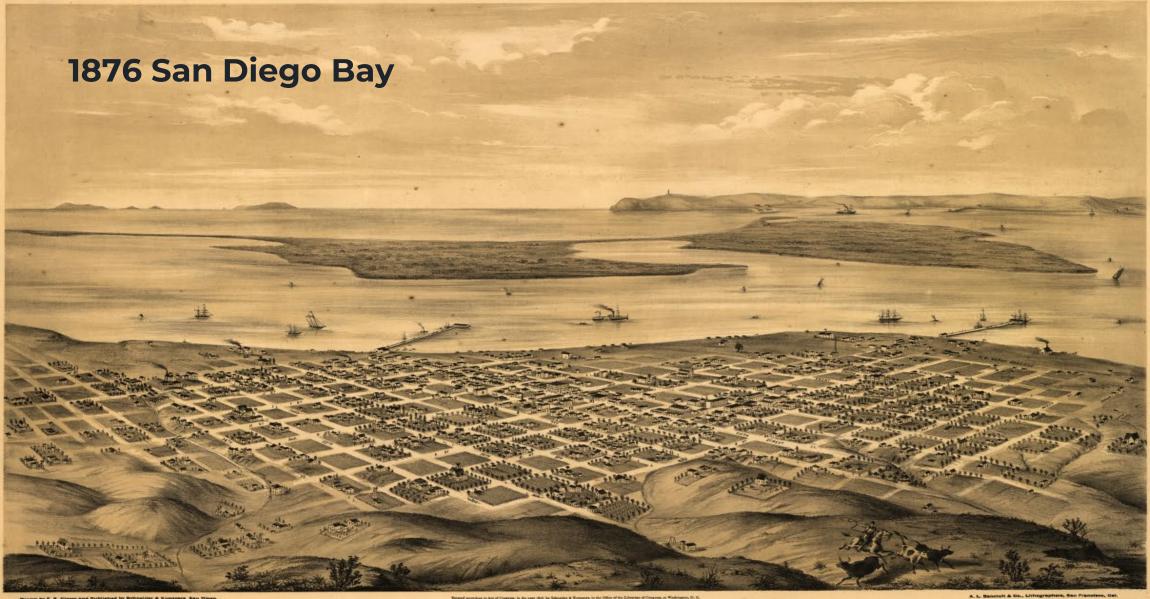
### Significant Dates in San Diego Bay History

- 1975 Largest single dredging project in the history deepens San Diego Bay and places 8 million cy of sand from the harbor on the Silver Strand
- 1976 California Coast Act is adopted. The Coastal Commission becomes a permanent agency with broad authority to regulate coastal development.
- 1998 Over 7 million cy dredged to accommodate NIMITZ class nuclearpowered aircraft carriers at NAS North Island
- 2001 27-acre Homeport Island is created with 500,000 cy of fill pumped from NAS North Island to south of NAB
- 2013 Shipyard sediment cleanup project initiated
- **2020** Senate Bill 507 grants management of 8,300 additional acres of water area within San Diego Bay to the Port of San Diego

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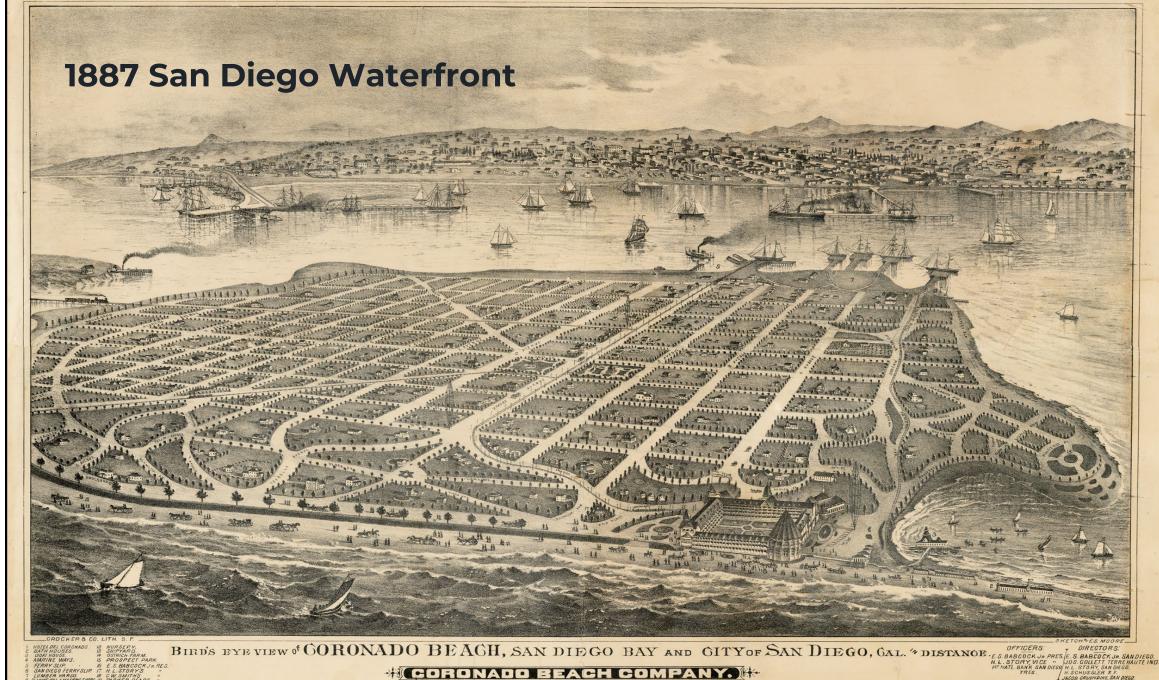




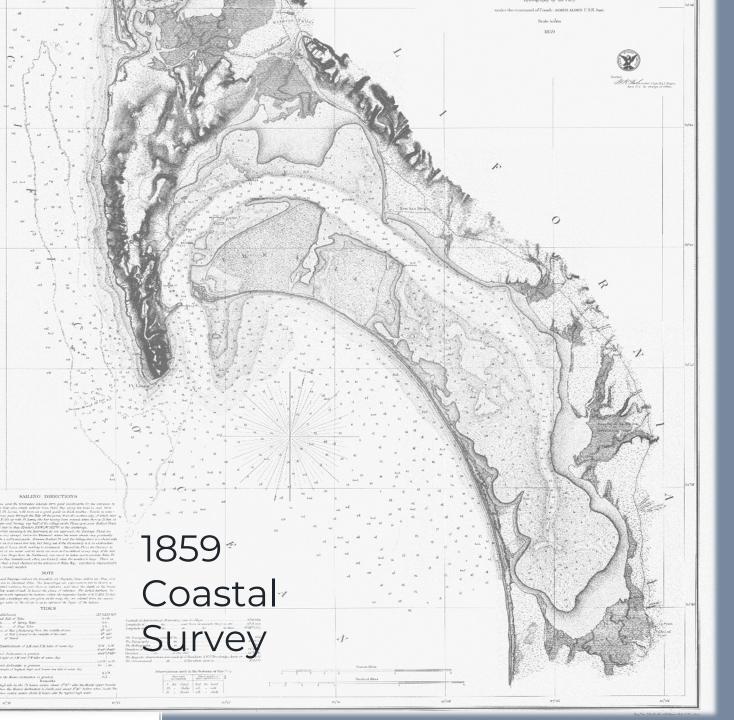


FROM THE NORTH-BAST, LOOKING SOUTH-WEST.





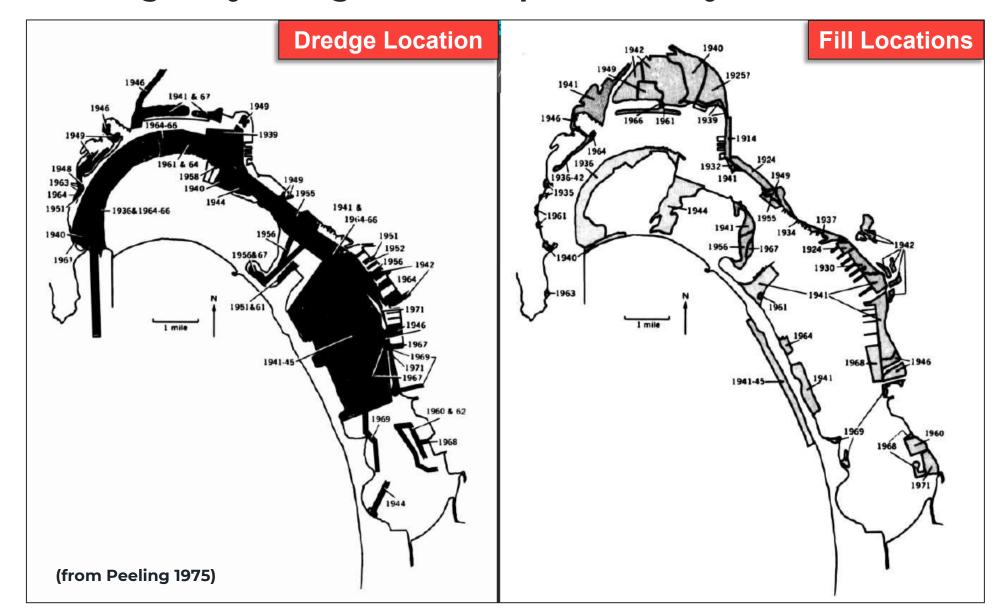
CORONADO BEACH COMPANY. CAPITAL - ONE MILLION DOLLARS.







### San Diego Bay Dredge and Fill up to the early 1970s

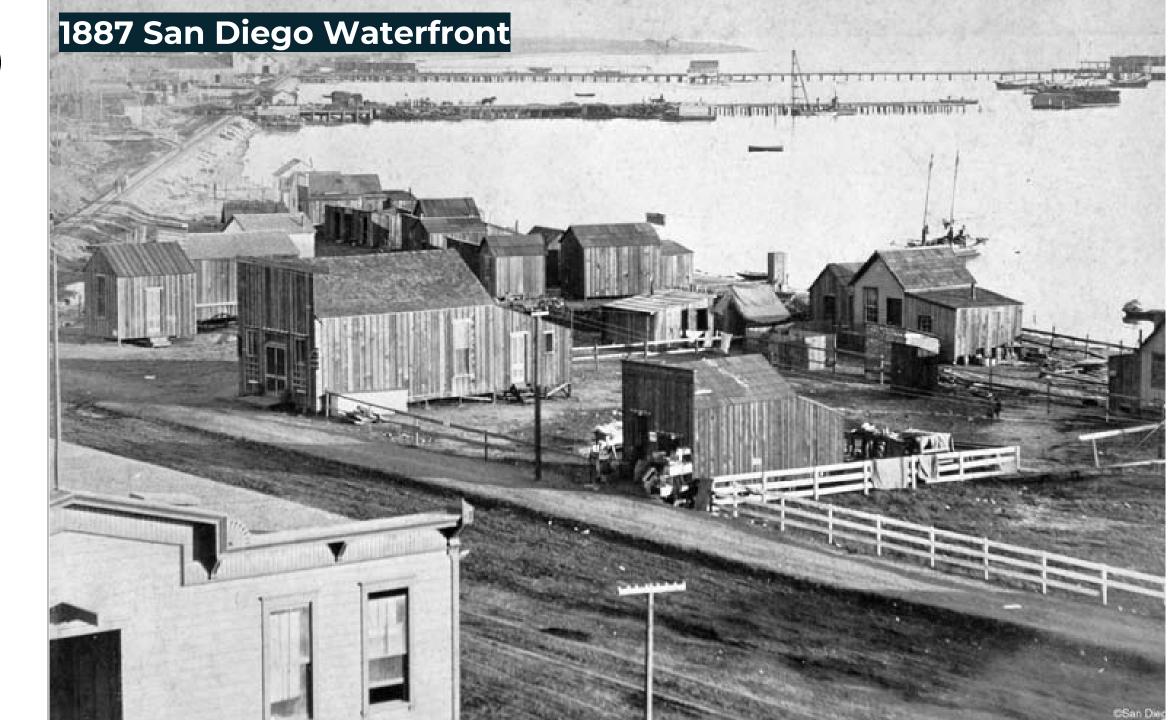


## San Diego Bay Early Waterfront







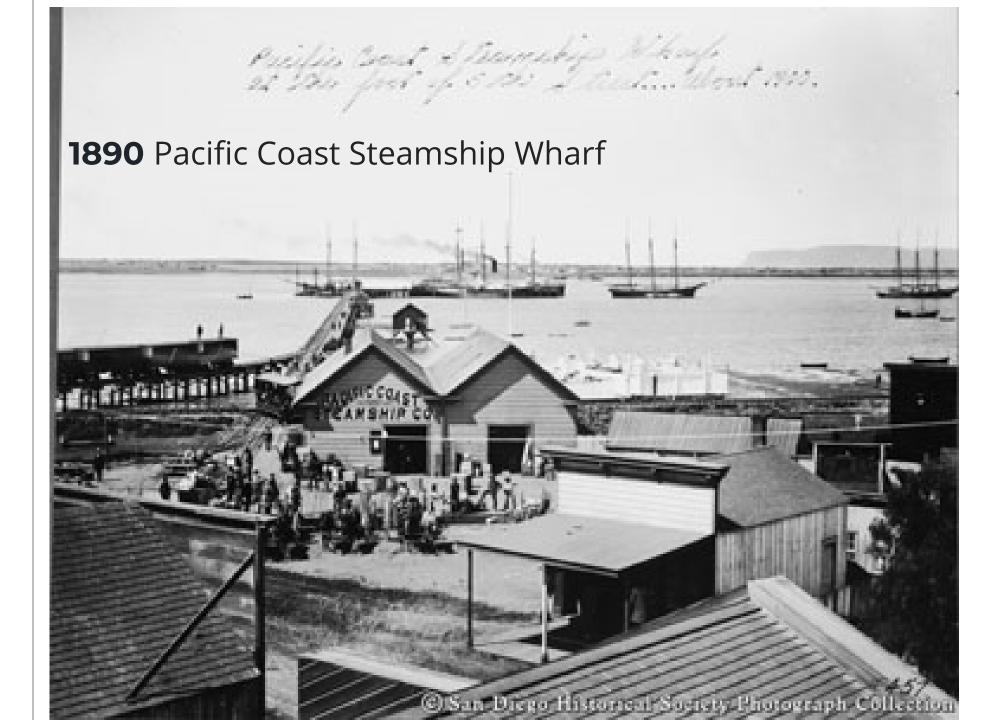




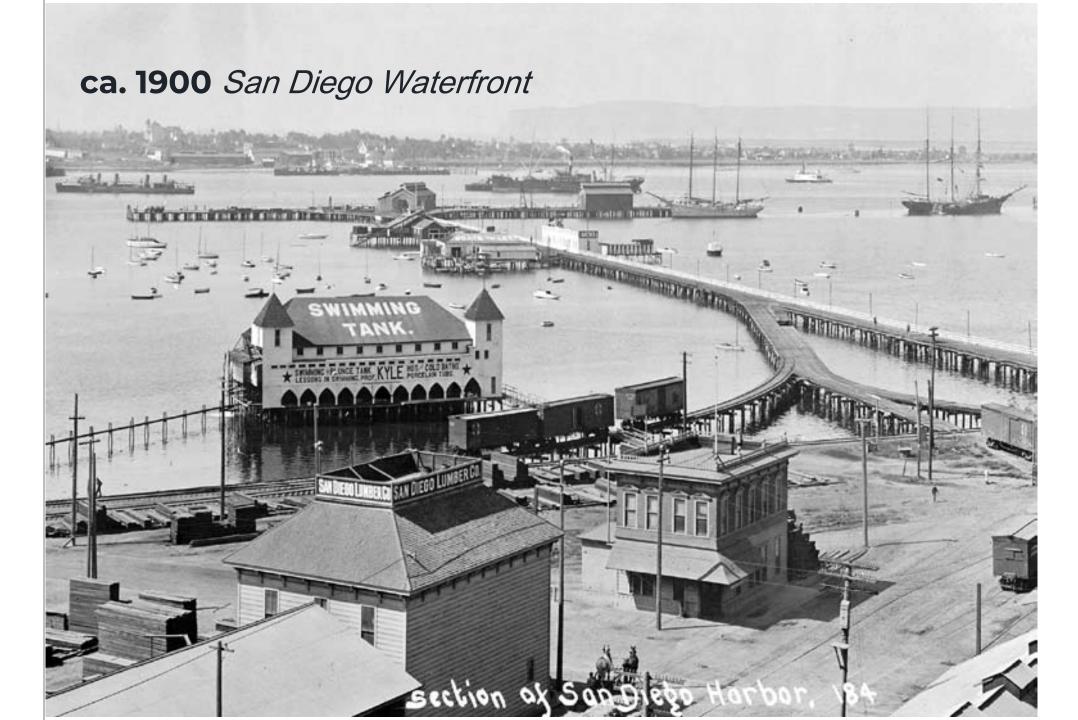
### Pacific Coast Steamship Wharf













### 1905 Western Lumber Company





#### *Tidal flats at the foot of 6th Street*







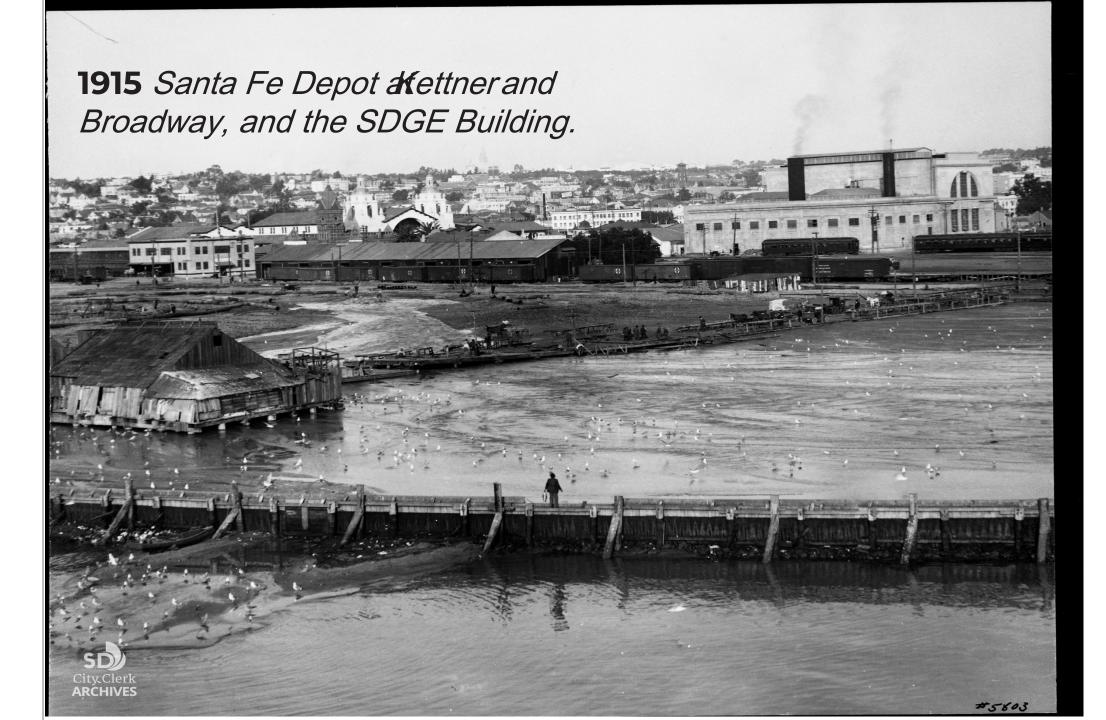








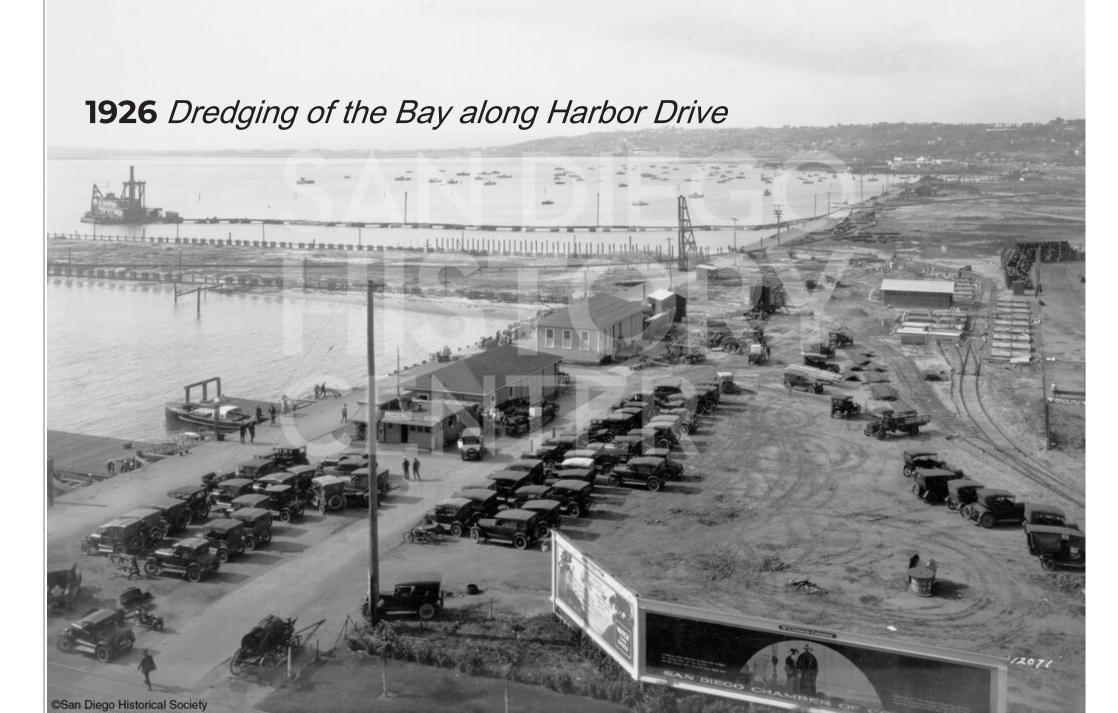














### *Dredging of the Bay*









1936 San Diego Bay looking northwest

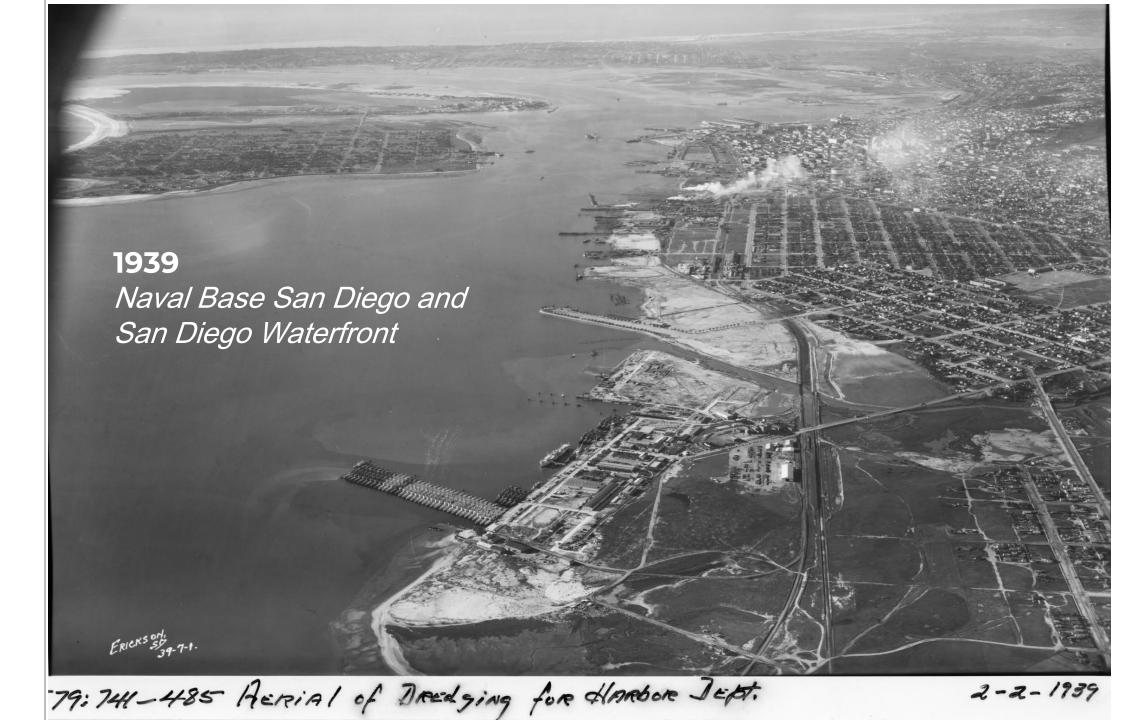


### Building Naval Station San Diego









## Dredge and Fill of Coronado Island



### 1918 Naval Station North Island















## Building Shelter Island

















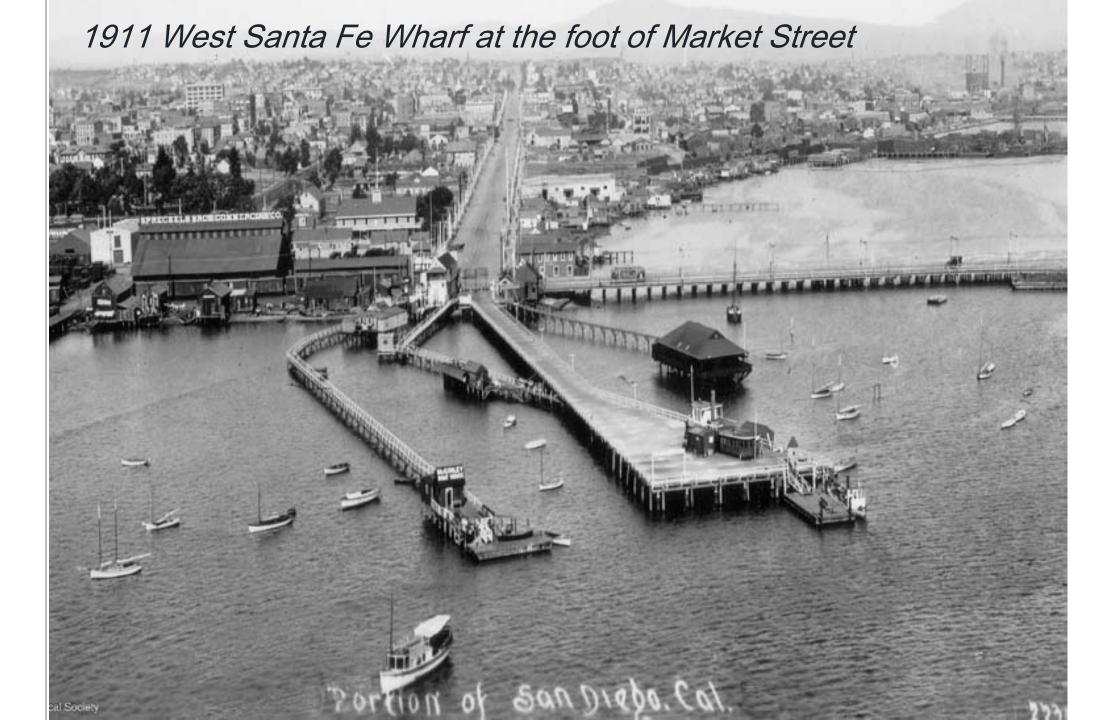


Causeway connecting Shelter Island with the mainland nears its conclusion in 1950



## Ferry Terminal at Foot of Market

















## Building Lindbergh Field













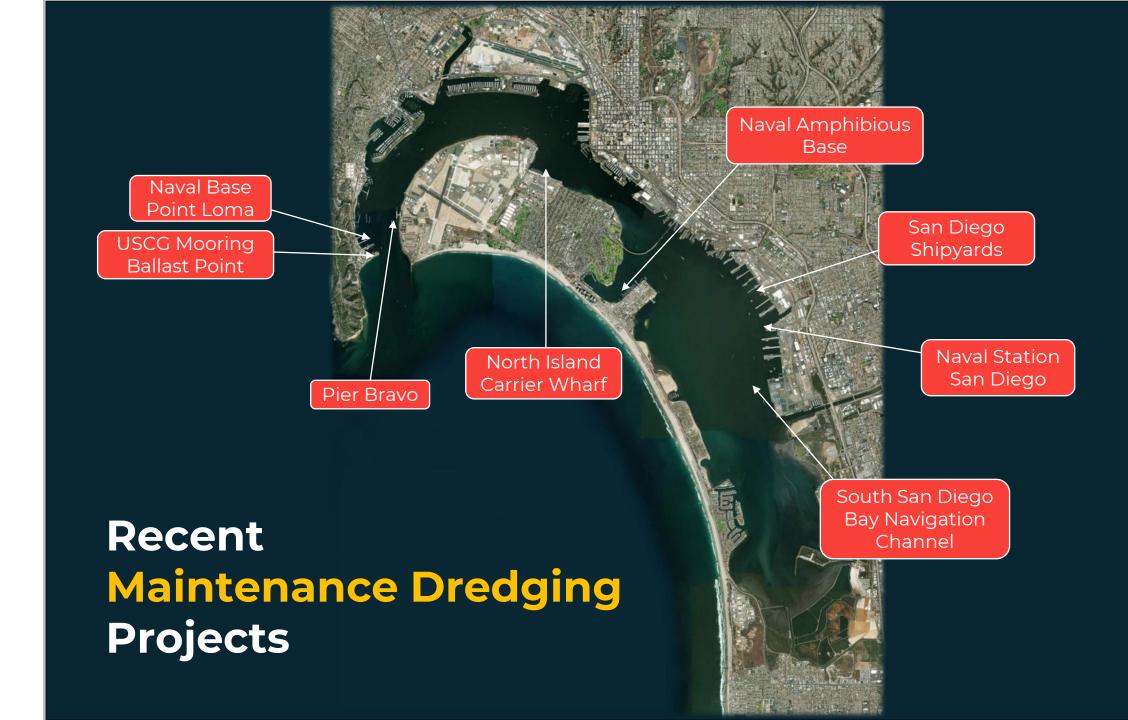














Central San Diego Bay Navigation Navy Fuel Channel Pier 180 BAE Systems "Pride of California" Dry Dock" North Island **Naval Station** Carrier Wharf San Diego Pier 32 Marina Recent **Capital Improvement Projects** 







La Playa de Perdue

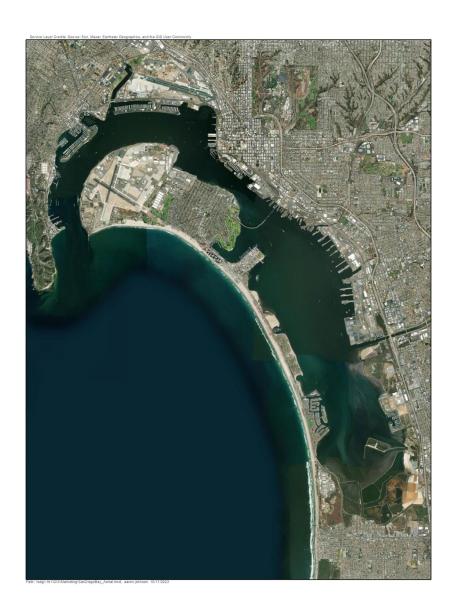


Eelgrass Mitigation Site

Recent
Beneficial Reuse
Projects

Chula Vista Wildlife Reserve





## **In Summary**

- San Diego Bay is a natural embayment that has undergone extensive dredge and fill activities that has created the Bay's shoreline that we know today
- The Bay is a strategic military port, an engine for international commerce and commercial and recreational fishing, and is home to an abundance of natural habitats and aquatic-dependent species
- Military and commercial use of the Bay is dependent upon carefully planned dredging activities to maintain deep channels and berthing areas for safe navigation
- Sediments found in certain industrial areas of the Bay are impacted by legacy contaminants and will require future remediation through strategies such as dredging and capping
- Beneficial reuse of dredged materials is vital to support habitat creation and enhancement projects



